### Annex A

Please take note of the following updates for the HCS programme:

Cereal Main Category		HCS Guidelines	HCS Tagline
1	New sub-category: Roti Prata	Saturated Fat: $\leq 7 \text{ g}/100\text{g}$ Dietary fibre: $\geq 4 \text{ g}/100\text{g}$ Wholegrains: $\geq 25 \%$	<ol> <li>Higher in Wholegrains</li> <li>Higher in Wholegrains Lower in Saturated fat</li> </ol>

# a. <u>A new 'Roti Prata' sub-category under the 'Cereal' category</u>

### b. <u>Re-introduction of the 'sodium' tagline to the 'Sauces, Soups and Recipe Mixes' category</u>

Sub-category		Current Tagline	New Tagline
1	Asian Sweet sauce e.g. rojak sauce, plum sauce, yusheng sauce, sweet & sour sauce, coffee sauce, lemon sauce, satay sauce, etc	Lower in Sugar	Lower in Sugar {Lower in Sodium}*
2	Dark Soy sauce (incl. black sweet sauce and kecap manis)	Lower in Sugar	Lower in Sugar Lower in Sodium
3	Tomato/Chilli Sauces	Lower in Sugar	Lower in Sugar Lower in Sodium

\*Nutrient tagline indicated in parenthesis { } refers to an optional second nutrient tagline.

## c. <u>A new definition for 'Jellies'</u>

	Revised definition	
1       Jellies         e.g. grass jelly, aiyu jelly, fruit jelly, etc       "e.g.grass jelly, aiyu jelly, fruit jellies, etc. Doe include jelly drinks. To classify a product as a or jelly drink, the marketing, presentation, inter usage and composition (i.e. percentage of solid components) of the product will be taken into consideration "	jelly nded	

d. <u>Expansion of Oriental dry wheat noodles to include non cereal-based noodles with wholegrains e.g.</u> <u>legumes based, soy based noodles</u>

Cereal Main Category		HCS Guidelines	Eligible HCS Tagline*
1	Oriental Noodles (Dry) Wheat noodles <b>renamed to</b> <b>Oriental Noodles (Dry)</b> <b>Noodles (included non</b> <i>cereal-based noodles with</i> <i>wholegrains e.g. legumes</i> <i>based, soy based noodles)</i>	Fat: $\leq 2 \text{ g}/100\text{g}$ Sodium: $\leq 180 \text{ mg}/100\text{g}$ Dietary fibre: $\geq 2 \text{ g}/100\text{g}$ Wholegrains: $\geq 15\%$	<ol> <li>Higher in Wholegrains</li> <li>Higher in Wholegrains Lower in Saturated Fat</li> <li>Higher in Wholegrains Lower in Sodium</li> <li>Higher in Wholegrain Low Glycemic Index</li> </ol>

#### \*Labelling requirements for carrying the HCS with "Higher in wholegrains" claim

- (i) Declaration of wholegrains content based on weight of final product *e.g.* Wholegrain wheat (44%), oats (12%), brown rice (20%) or;
  - e.g. As a front / back of pack labelling statement "Contains x% of wholegrains".
- (ii) Declaration of wholegrains content per serving expressed as a percentage of the daily requirement. The daily whole-grain requirement is taken as 50g.

e.g. "2 slices of [name of bread] will provide you with [x%] of your daily wholegrain requirement;

e.g. "1 serving of [name of food product] will provide you with [x%] of your daily wholegrain requirement"

#### **Optional health message on Wholegrain products**

Manufacturers may place the following health message on wholegrain products bearing the "Higher in wholegrains" logo

• "Wholegrains are essential part of a nutritious^ diet. As wholegrains contain all parts of the grain (germ, bran and endosperm), it is healthier^ than refined grains. Examples of wholegrain foods are wholemeal bread, brown rice and [name of food category\*]. For more tips on healthy eating, visit HPB's Food For Health at www.hpb.gov.sg/foodforhealth"

^To qualify, Products will need to carry the HCS "Higher in wholegrains" logo and display the NIP

\*Manufacturers may choose the third example of the food category from the list of oats, wholegrain breakfast cereals, brown rice vermicelli, wholemeal crackers, whole durum wheat pasta.

#### Foods carrying the HCS Low Glycemic Index claim must fulfil all of the following criteria

- 1. Food products must first meet all the HCS nutrient guidelines as specified in the category the product falls under, before it can apply for the Low GI claim.
- 2. Must have a GI value\* of less than 55.

\*The cut-off values for the classification of low, medium and high GI are standardised internationally (ISO 26642:2010).

3. Product eligibility for GI testing<sup>@</sup>:

At least <u>7.5g of carbohydrate per serving</u> of the food product (This amount of carbohydrate should be present to qualify for GI testing) Or

50% of the macronutrient must be carbohydrates.

#### <sup>®</sup> Co-developed with Temasek Polytechnic Glycemic Index Research Unit